

TRADE OF CANADA WITH THE UNITED STATES AND OTHER FOREIGN COUNTRIES.
(Fiscal Years 1886, 1896, 1906, 1914, 1922 and 1928).

Fiscal Years.	Canadian Trade with—			Percentage of Total Trade with—		
	United States.	Other Foreign Countries.	Total Foreign Countries.	United States.	Other Foreign Countries.	Total Foreign Countries.
	\$	\$	\$	p.c.	p.c.	p.c.
<i>Imports.</i>						
1886	42,818,651	11,756,920	54,575,571	44.6	12.2	66.8
1896	53,529,360	15,618,619	70,148,009	50.8	15.8	66.6
1906	169,255,452	30,594,394	199,950,846	59.6	10.9	70.5
1914	396,302,133	68,365,014	464,667,152	64.0	11.0	75.0
1922	515,958,196	82,736,883	598,695,079	69.0	11.0	80.0
1928	719,443,513	140,432,901	859,876,414	64.9	12.6	77.5
<i>Exports (Canadian).</i>						
1886	34,284,490	3,515,148	37,799,638	44.1	4.5	48.6
1896	37,789,481	5,152,185	42,941,666	34.4	4.7	39.1
1906	83,546,305	13,516,428	97,062,734	35.5	5.8	41.3
1914	163,372,825	29,573,097	192,945,922	37.9	6.8	44.7
1922	292,588,643	101,816,627	394,405,270	39.5	13.8	53.3
1928	478,006,114	250,924,116	728,930,230	38.9	20.4	59.3

With further reference to the trade of Canada with other countries than the United Kingdom and the United States, attention is directed to Tables 22 to 33, giving the trade of Canada in leading commodities with 36 British and foreign countries for the fiscal years 1927 and 1928.

Subsection 5.—Geographical Distribution of Canadian Trade by Continents and Countries.

Geographical Distribution of Canadian Trade by Continents.—Europe is Canada's best customer, but we purchase more goods from North America than from any other continent. It will be noted in the following table that in 1928 Europe and North America took 89.1 p.c. of the Dominion's exports, as compared with 88.6 p.c. in 1927 and 88.5 p.c. in 1926. The proportion shipped to Europe in 1928 was 46.9 p.c., compared with 48.2 p.c. in 1927 and 49.3 p.c. in 1926; while the proportion sent to North America in 1928 was 42.2 p.c., compared with 40.4 p.c. in 1927 and 39.2 p.c. in 1926. Europe and North America furnished Canada in 1928 with 92.2 p.c. of her imports as compared with 93.6 p.c. in 1927 and 93.6 p.c. in 1926. The proportion furnished by Europe in 1928 was 24.5 p.c., as compared with 23.5 p.c. in 1927 and 24.1 p.c. in 1926, while the proportion furnished by North America in 1928 was 67.7 p.c., compared with 70.1 p.c. in 1927 and 69.5 p.c. in 1926. The imports from every continent in 1928 show an increase over 1926 and 1927, except in the case of Asia in 1926, while Canada sold more goods in 1928 than in 1927 or 1926 to North America and Africa, more than in 1927 but less than in 1926 to Asia and less than in either of the two previous years to Europe, South America and Oceania. Imports from the continents of South America, Asia, Oceania and Africa increased from \$59,300,000 to \$87,100,000 from 1926 to 1928, while Canadian exports to the same continents between 1926 and 1928 decreased from \$150,500,000 to \$134,300,000.